

Overview of the WGIN4 Core Project

March 2018 – March 2023



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Rothamsted Research



Department
for Environment
Food & Rural Affairs

14th November 2019, 17th Stakeholder meeting, RRes, Herts

- WGIN** provides a research platform for the delivery of
- **tools**
 - **resources**
 - **bioinformatics (large scale DNA analyses)**
 - **expertise for the identification of naturally occurring (useful) genetic variation in new traits**

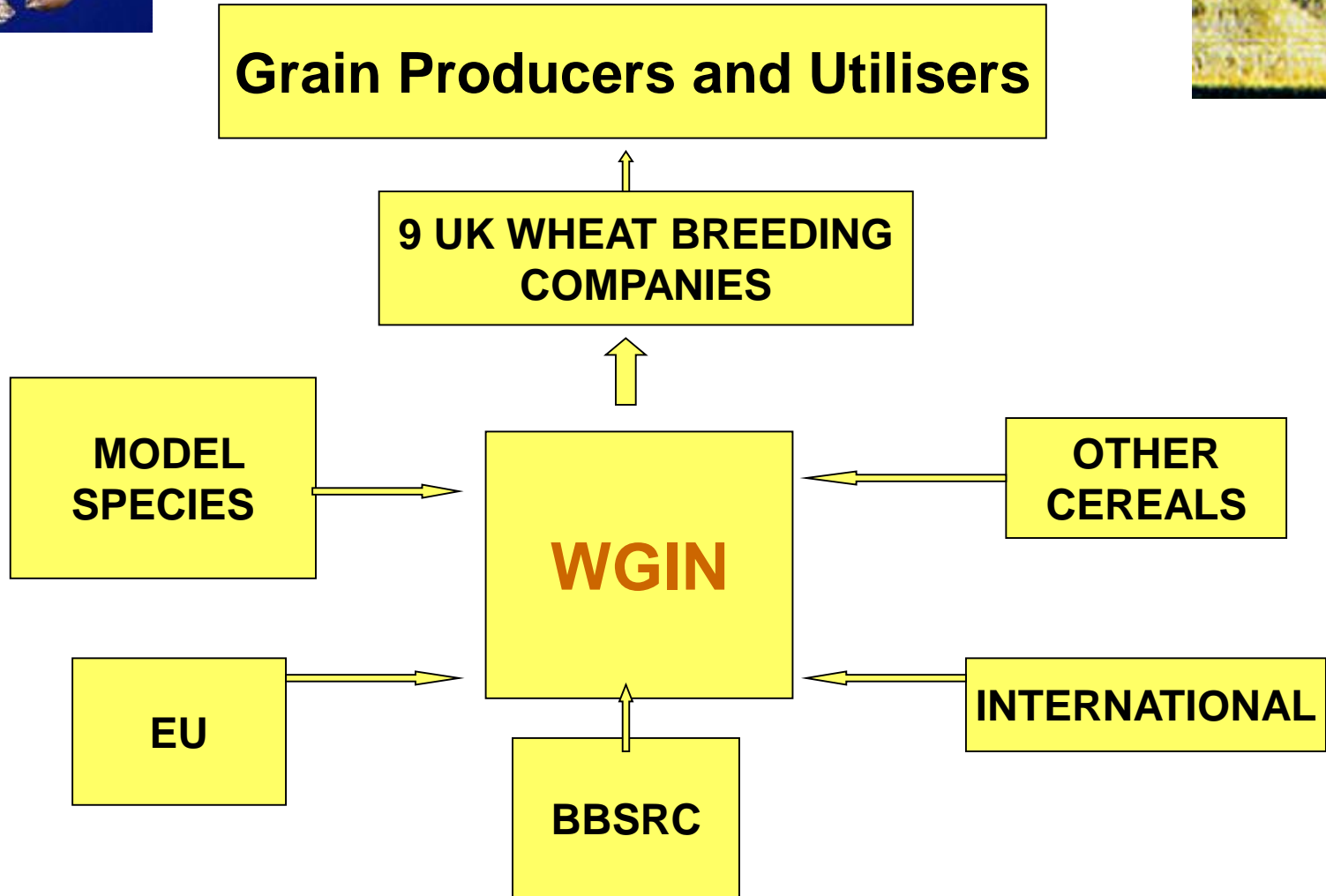
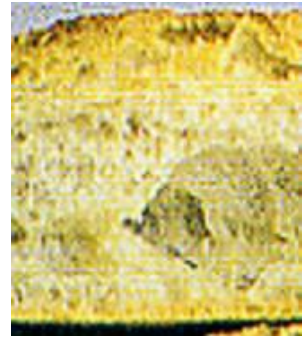
Yield and quality per se are excluded





The Defra WGIN

started in 2003



The WGIN funds would attract additional funds to wheat research by other sponsors

Mission statement - WGIN 2015 to 2023

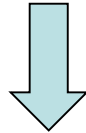
Improving the **resilience** of the wheat crop through genetics and targeted traits analysis

Mission statement - WGIN 2003 to 2014

Improving the **environmental footprint** of farming through crop genetics and targeted traits analysis

WGIN4 Core Research Project split

70 % trait analyses



30% development of new genetic and genomic resources

Four overarching challenges:

20% Enhanced Resource Efficiency Nitrogen (NUE)

25% Sustainability - Yield Stability Spring drought, lodging* and stem anchorage*

30% Resilience Resistance to slugs*, BYDV* vectored by aphids, Septoria, Yellow rust and the take-all root pathogen

25% Quality Yield, grain protein, grain specific weight*, NUE and nutrient partitioning as affected by N-input and disease*

*** New for WGIN4**

WGIN Diversity Trial

Resource Use Efficiency + Quality linked to NUE
+ Yield Stability + Resilience



16th Consecutive Diversity Trial 2018-2019

- 20 varieties, 3 levels of N (100, 200, 350 kg/ha)
- Two fungicide regimes – standard practice and reduced - some disease build up / earlier canopy senescence
- No insecticide regime
- 2019 soil N samples collected, grain and straw samples taken at harvest for multiple analyses
- Weekly UAV flights (RGB + NIR) and ground based hyperspectral measurements



Septoria leaf blotch



Yellow rust



Bird-cherry
oat aphid
(*Rhopalosiphum
padi*)



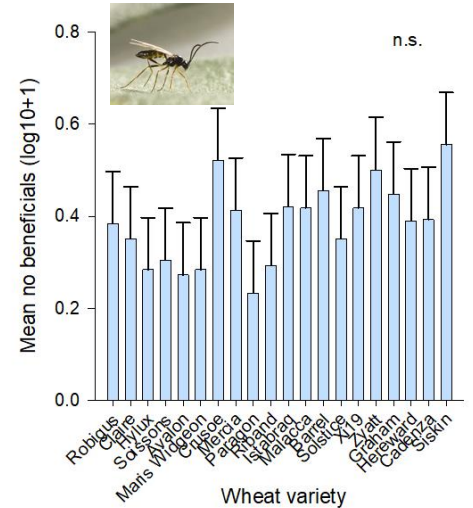
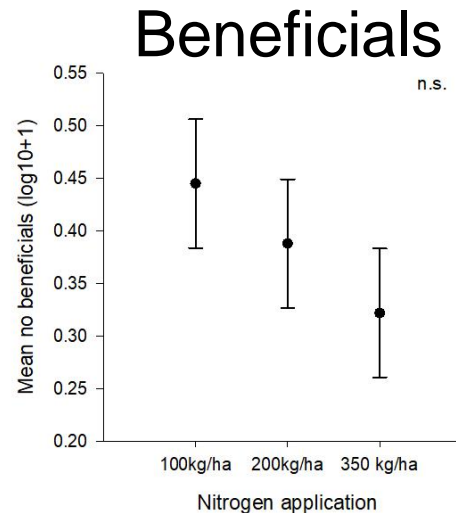
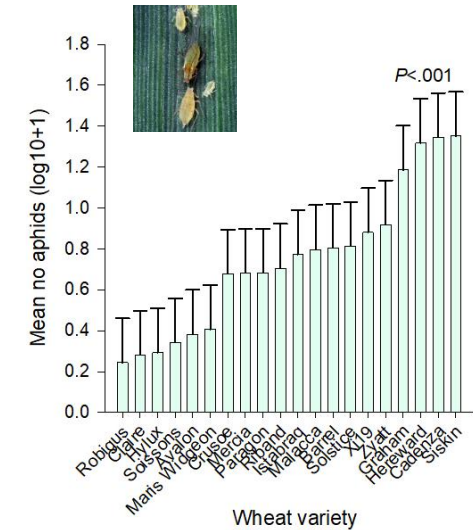
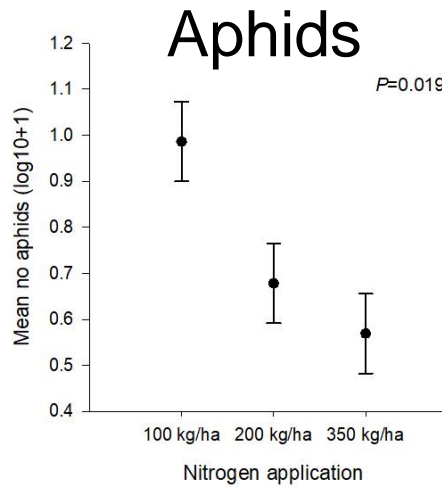
English grain
aphid
(*Sitobion
avenae*)

Aphids and BYDV assessments in Diversity trial 2019

Talk home message so far :

more N → more yellow rust → less aphids & beneficials

- No BYDV field symptoms
- Aphid numbers differed between varieties
- Difference between N levels (contrary to literature)
- Beneficials counted but no difference between N level or variety



Trait identification – RRes

2. Reducing pest and disease pressure

Aphids



***Septoria* leaf blotch**



Yellow rust



annually all crops at high risk

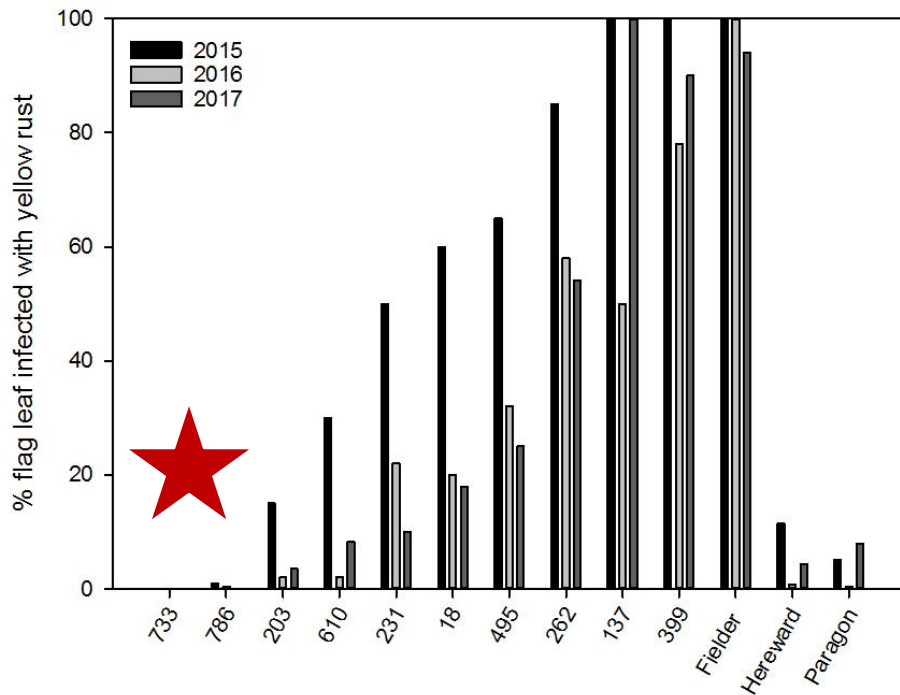
The restored AE Watkins wheat collection

**~1200 lines from 31 countries collected in the 1930s
never previously used in modern breeding**

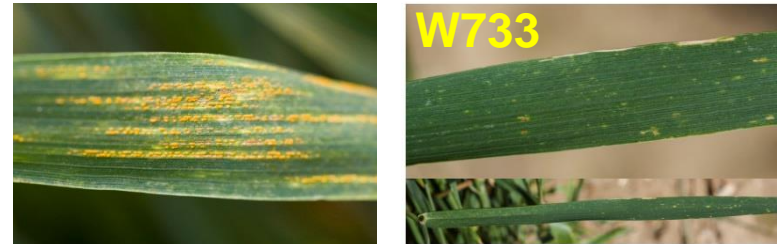
Screened for multiple traits over multiple seasons



Yellow rust resistance – Watkins lines W733, W786



Adult plant *Yr* resistance
in field trials since 2007



Both lines are also fully
resistant to *Septoria*

F₁ W733 x Fielder = Fully resistant (Dominant trait)
2019 F₂ field data - controlled by 1 or 2 genetic loci

F₁ W786 x Fielder = Fully susceptible (Recessive trait)
2019 F₂ field data - controlled by 1 genetic locus

Growth room tests



T. monococcum



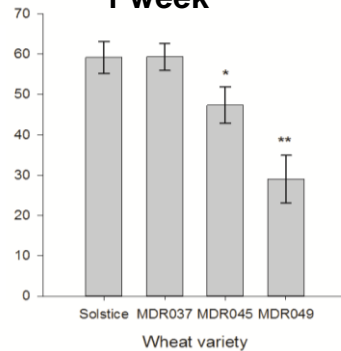
Bird cherry-oat aphid



English grain aphid

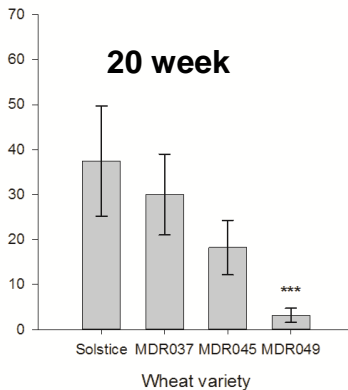
1 week

Number of nymphs produced



20 week

Number of nymphs produced

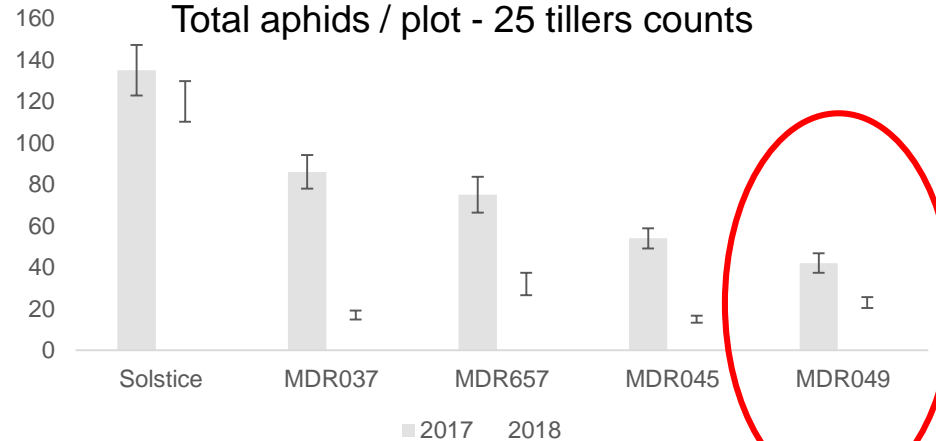


Field trials

T. monococcum (diploid wheat)

Field trials Rothamsted Research 2017 & 2018

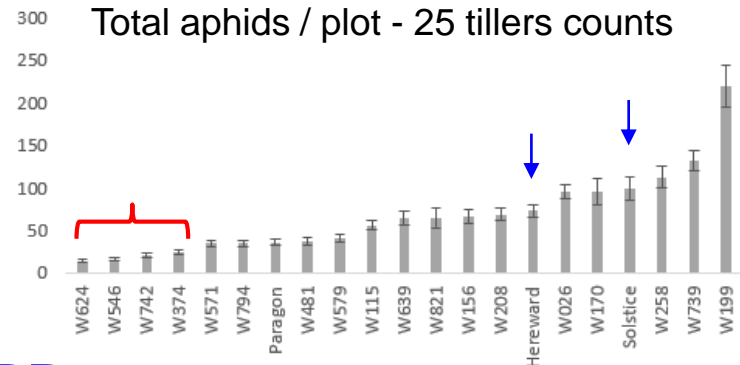
Total aphids / plot - 25 tillers counts



Watkins Landraces

Field trial Rothamsted 2018

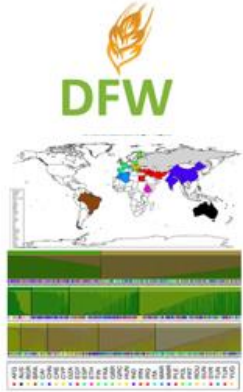
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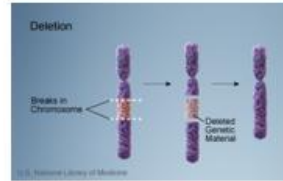
Development of new genetic and genomic resources

7 main activities

Paragon – a benchmark for genomics led wheat breeding in the UK



BBSRC wheat programme followed WGIN using Paragon as 'standard' genetic background



WGIN 5000 gamma induced deletions, now skim sequenced.

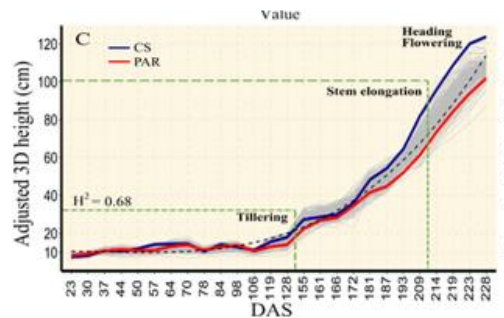
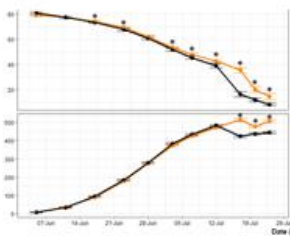


WGIN Paragon library- major genes and QTL from LINK projects can be directly compared (+/- QTL NILs).



Paragon genome sequenced

7000 fixed (M7) Paragon EMS (chemical) mutants



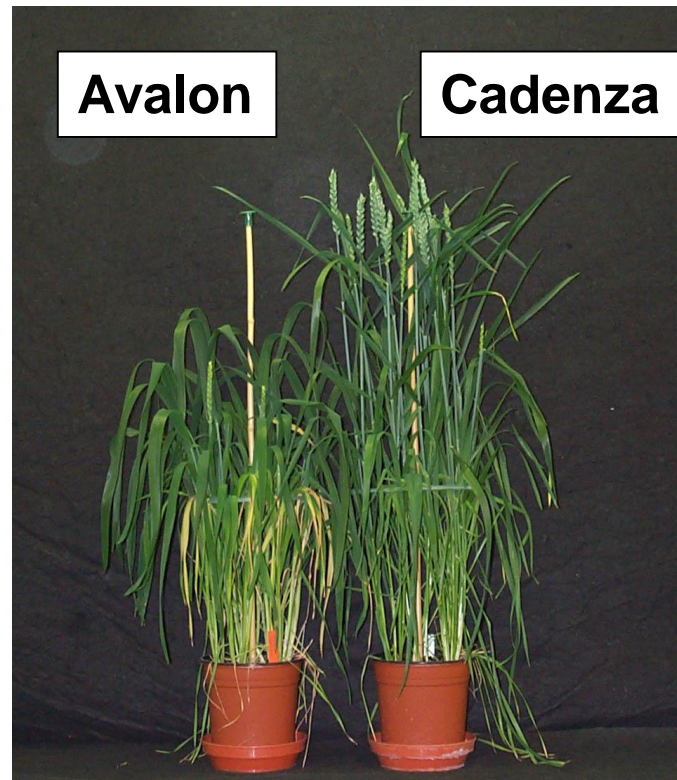
Paragon (UK reference) x Chinese Spring (world reference). A WGIN RIL population (n=384)

WGIN1 Avalon x Cadenza Double Haploid mapping population (n = 202)

The world's most phenotyped mapping population

Avalon

- winter type
- high bread making quality
- lax habit
- large leaves
- good for weed suppression



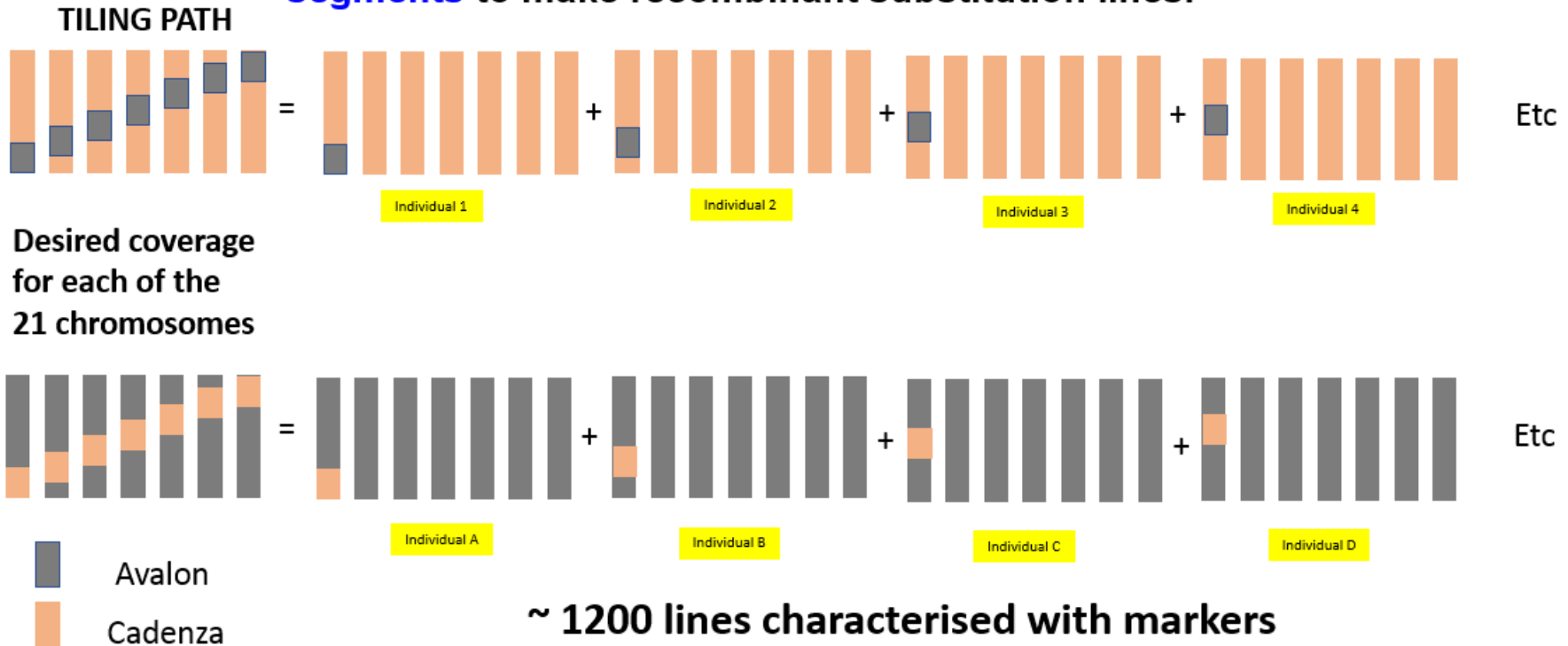
Cadenza

- facultative spring type
- no bread making quality
- erect habit
- smaller leaves
- good resistance to Septoria disease

A chromosome segment substitution library (CSSL) for Avalon x Cadenza

WGIN3 & WGIN4

Undertaking **TILING** the whole genome with chromosome segments to make recombinant substitution lines.



Help researchers to pinpoint the chromosome regions controlling each trait of interest

The Networking objectives

**Maintaining and enhancing the
public – private network**

9 activities

The Defra WGIN: Dissemination, Liaison and Communication

Annual “Stakeholders’ Forum” (Nov) 70-100 attendees

Focussed Workshop – 2009, 2013 ‘A x C mapping popⁿ’

2010 – DArT marker analysis

Workshops with overseas partner organisations:

Seven funded by BBSRC (2018 – Kazakhstan, 2020 - Baltic)

Web Site (www.WGIN.org.UK), Electronic Newsletters

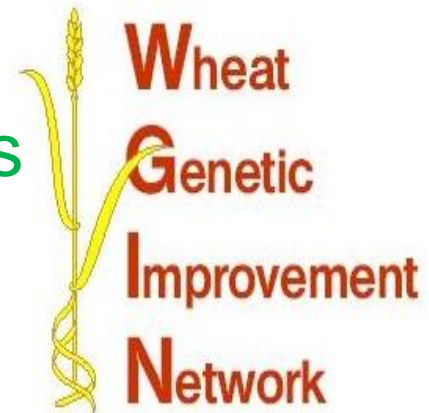
Scientific publications ~ 82 articles

Annual displays at ‘Cereals’

*Talks at AHDB strategic and monitor farms

E. mail: wgin.defra@bbsrc.ac.uk

Twitter Handle - **@WheatGIN**



Read more about WGIN4 go to the **April 2019 Newsletter**



Department
for Environment
Food & Rural Affairs

Wheat Genetic Improvement Network (WGIN4) 2018-2023



WP1 Management Meetings – The Network

**Red text
- new to
WGIN 4**

WP1 Enhancing the Network and Communication of Results

- **AHDB strategic and monitor farms**
- Website
- Annual Stakeholders forum
- International collaborations
- Electronic Newsletter
- Focussed UK/intl. workshops
- Public outreach
- Publications + data deposits

WP2 Tools and Resources

- Maintain and further develop, mapping popⁿ, Paragon lib, Watkins/Gediflux, *T. monococcum* collections
- **Observation plots on candidate cultivars**
- Complete the A x C NIL TILING popⁿ / CSSL
- Complete the *T. monococcum* introgression
- **Sequence and assemble *T. monococcum* Chr 7A**
- **Trait related gene-specific marker development (KASP) from the PROMOTOME capture and WAK capture exps**

WP4 Genetic and QTL Analyses

for each of the targeted traits (WP3)

WP3 Targeted Traits

Improving Crop Resilience (30%)

- **BYDV resistance, slug resistance**
- **Take-all resistance and 3N re-rooting**
- **Septoria and yellow rust resistance**

Yield Stability / Sustainability (25%)

- **Spring drought tolerance**
- **Lodging resistance, stem anchorage**

Enhanced Resource Use Efficiency (20%)

- **Nitrogen use efficiency (NUE)**

Quality Resilience (25%)

- **Yield-to-grain protein, NUE**
- **Nutrient partitioning vis N-input and disease**

Fine Phenotyping at Multiple Scales

Sub-Contractors – NGS Genome / Exome Analyses / Yellow Rust Races

[red text - new to WGIN4]

[black text - continuing from WGIN3]

**Helen Riordan, Andy Cuthbertson, *Martin Cannell,
Giulia Cuccato and David Cooper (RAG)**

WGIN3 / WGIN4

**RRes - Kim Hammond-Kosack
Peter Shewry
Malcolm Hawkesford
Andrew Riche
*Vanessa McMillan
Gail Canning
Kostya Kanyuka
*Gia Aradottir
Michael Hammond-Kosack**

The Management team

**The Plant Breeders (9)
ADAS
AHDB
NIAB
Univ Bristol
Defra**

**JIC – Simon Griffiths
Clare Lister
GRU – WGIN seed stocks**

***Recent leaves**

Sub-contractors

**Bristol Genomics – Jane Coghill’s team
Arbor BioSciences, Michigan, USA
Dovetail Genomics, San Diego, USA***

Affymetrix (35K wheat breeders array)

NIAB, Cambridge*

***new WGIN 4**



**The farm / trials staff at all the sites used
Numerous summer students**